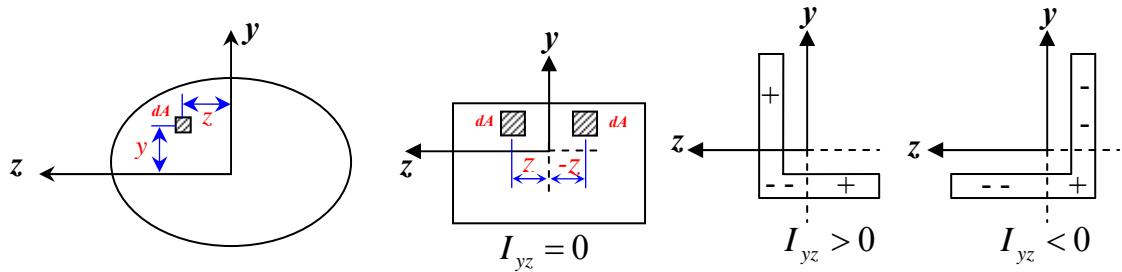


## ASAL ATALET MOMENTLERİ



$$I_y = \int z^2 dA$$

$$I_z = \int y^2 dA$$

$$I_{yz} = \int yz dA$$

$I_{yz} = 0$  olduğunda; yani  $y$  veya  $z$  eksenlerinden en az bir tanesi kesitin simetri ekseni ise,  $y$  ve  $z$  asal atalet eksenlerini ve  $I_y$  ve  $I_z$  bu eksenlere göre asal atalet momentlerini ( $I_{max}$ ,  $I_{min}$ ) ifade eder.

Genel olarak  $y$  ve  $z$  eksenlerine göre atalet momentleri biliniyorsa, kesitin herhangi bu eksenlerle  $\theta$  açısı yapan başka eksenlerle göre atalet momentleri ve asal atalet (max, min) momentleri şöyle bulunur:

$$u = y \cos \theta + z \sin \theta$$

$$v = z \cos \theta - y \sin \theta$$

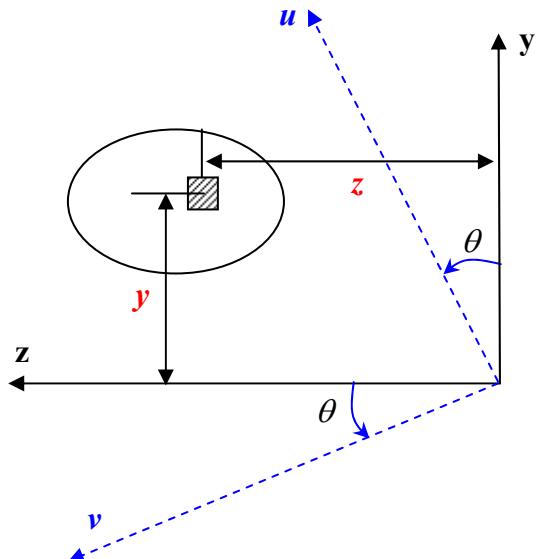
$$\begin{aligned} I_u &= \int v^2 dA = \int (z \cos \theta - y \sin \theta)^2 dA \\ &= \cos^2 \theta \int z^2 dA + \sin^2 \theta \int y^2 dA - 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \int yz dA \\ I_u &= I_y \cos^2 \theta + I_z \sin^2 \theta - 2I_{yz} \sin \theta \cos \theta \end{aligned}$$

$$I_v = I_z \cos^2 \theta + I_y \sin^2 \theta + 2I_{yz} \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$I_{uv} = \int uvdA = \int (y \cos \theta + z \sin \theta)(z \cos \theta - y \sin \theta)dA$$

$$I_{uv} = -(I_z - I_y) \sin \theta \cos \theta + I_{yz} (\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta)$$

$$\cos^2 \theta = \frac{1 + \cos 2\theta}{2} \quad \sin^2 \theta = \frac{1 - \cos 2\theta}{2} \quad \sin 2\theta = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$$



$$I_v = \frac{I_z + I_y}{2} + \frac{I_z - I_y}{2} \cos 2\theta + I_{yz} \sin 2\theta$$

$$I_u = \frac{I_z + I_y}{2} - \frac{I_z - I_y}{2} \cos 2\theta - I_{yz} \sin 2\theta$$

$$I_{uv} = -\frac{I_z - I_y}{2} \sin 2\theta + I_{yz} \cos 2\theta$$

$$I_u + I_v = I_z + I_y$$

**Asal Atalet Momentleri ve Eksen doğrultuları (maksimum-minimum problemi !):**

$$\frac{dI_v}{d\theta} = \frac{I_z - I_y}{2} (-\sin 2\theta) \cdot 2 + I_{yz} (\cos 2\theta) \cdot 2 = 0$$

$$\tan 2\theta_m = \frac{I_{yz}}{\frac{I_z - I_y}{2}}, \quad I_{\max,\min} = \frac{I_y + I_z}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{I_z - I_y}{2}\right)^2 + I_{yz}^2}$$

|             |                  |                    |
|-------------|------------------|--------------------|
| $I_z > I_y$ | $I_{\max} = I_v$ | , $I_{\min} = I_u$ |
| $I_y > I_z$ | $I_{\max} = I_u$ | , $I_{\min} = I_v$ |

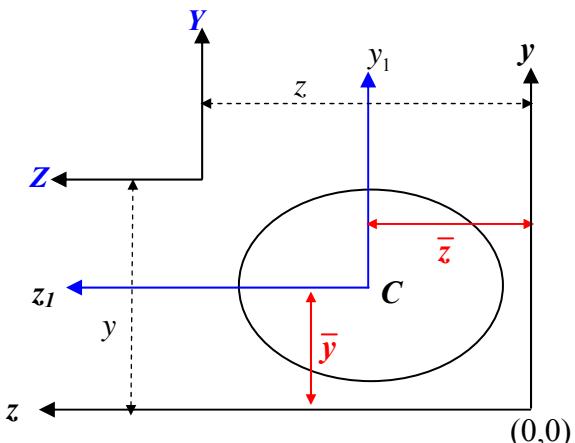
### Paralel Eksenler Teoremi

Bir kesitin geometrik merkezinden geçen  $y_1$  ve  $z_1$  eksenlerine göre atalet momentleri  $I_{y1}$  ve  $I_{z1}$  ise bu eksenlere paralel  $Y$  ve  $Z$  eksenlerine göre atalet momentleri ( $I_Y$  ve  $I_Z$ ) paralel eksenler teoremi ile şu şekilde bulunur:

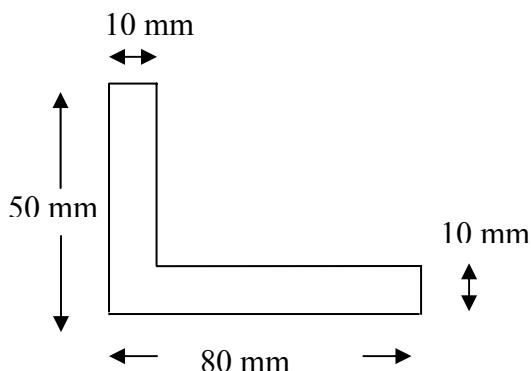
$$I_Y = I_{y1} + A(\bar{y} - y)^2$$

$$I_Z = I_{z1} + A(\bar{z} - z)^2$$

$$I_{YZ} = I_{y1z1} + A(\bar{y} - y)(\bar{z} - z)$$



### Örnek Problem:



- a) Şekilde verilen kesitin geometrik merkezini
- b) Geometrik merkezinden geçen eksenlere göre atalet momentlerini
- c) Asal atalet momentlerini bulunuz kesit üzerinde gösteriniz.

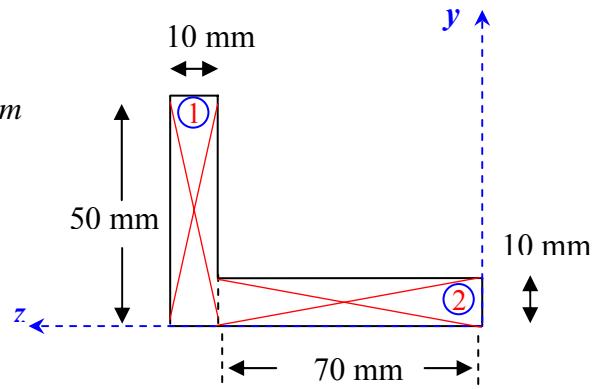
$$\bar{z} = \frac{A_1 z_1 + A_2 z_2}{A_1 + A_2} = \frac{50 \cdot 10 \cdot 75 + 70 \cdot 10 \cdot 35}{500 + 700} = 51.67 \text{ mm}$$

$$\bar{y} = 13.33 \text{ mm}$$

$$I_{z1} = \frac{10 \cdot 50^3}{12} + 500(13.33 - 25)^2 = 172261 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_{y1} = \frac{50 \cdot 10^3}{12} + 500(51.67 - 75)^2 = 276311 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_{y1z1} = 0 + (50 \cdot 10)(13.37 - 25)(51.67 - 75) = 136130 \text{ mm}^4$$



$$I_{z2} = 54405 \text{ mm}^4$$

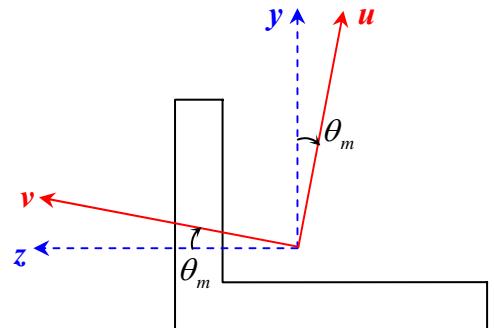
$$I_{y2} = 480355 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_{y2z2} = 97203 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_z = I_{z1} + I_{z2} = 226666 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_y = I_{y1} + I_{y2} = 756666 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_{yz} = 233333 \text{ mm}^4$$



$$\tan 2\theta_m = \frac{I_{yz}}{\frac{I_z - I_y}{2}} = \frac{233333}{\frac{226666 - 756666}{2}} \Rightarrow \theta_m = -20.68^\circ$$

$$I_{\max, \min} = I_{u, v} = \frac{226666 + 756666}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{226666 - 756666}{2}\right)^2 + (233333)^2}$$

$$I_{\max} = I_u = 844751 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$I_{\min} = I_v = 138581 \text{ mm}^4$$